



Karanjia Auto College, Karanjia, Mayurbhanj

Philosophy Question Bank

CC-III: Systems of Indian Philosophy (I)

Unit-1

1. Fill in the blanks.

- a) The word 'Darsana' is derived from its root_____.
- b) In Indian literature darsana' means_____.
- c) The school or systems of Indian philosophy are divided into two broad classes, namely _____&_____.
- d) Pessimism in Indian philosophy is _____ not final.
- e) The word 'Rta' means the eternal..... Order.
- f) Rna means_____.
- g) In Indian philosophy _____ Is regarded as the root cause of suffering,
- h) Carvak metaphysics holds that _____ is the only reality,
- i) A materialist is called carvak or _____.
- j) According to Carvak _____ is the only source of knowledge,
- k) Carvak rejectedas the source of knowledge due to uncertain leap.
- l) According to Carvak matter is composed of elements.
- m) Carvak rejected as one of the five elements
- n) System claims that Caitanya-visista-deha eva atma.

2. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).

- a) What is Philosophy?
- b) What is heterodox system?

- c) Which are the astika systems?
 - d) What is Rta?
 - e) What is Rna?
 - f) What is Dharma?
 - g) What is Artha?
 - h) What is Kama?
 - i) What is Moksa?
 - j) What is Karma?
 - k) What is Akarma?
 - l) What is Vikrama?
 - m) Why Charvak is called as Lokayata?
 - n) What is soul for Charvak system?
 - o) What is Liberation for Charvak system?
 - p) What is God in Charvak system?
3. Short type questions (75 words)
- a) What are the Rnas?
 - b) What is Dharma?
 - c) What is Artha?
 - d) What is Kama?
 - e) What is Moksa?
 - f) What is Karma?
 - g) What is Liberation for Charvak system?
 - h) What is God in Charvak ?
4. Long Type Questions (300words)
- a) Discuss the salient features of Indian Philosophy.
 - b) Elaborate the Charvak Epistemology.
 - c) What is the metaphysical point of view in Charvak system? Discuss.

Unit-II

- 1. Fill in the blanks
 - a) The two sets of Jainism are known as.....and.....

- b) In heterodox systems system holds that consciousness is the essence of the soul.
- c) Jaina system admits of three kinds of really immediate knowledge such as &.....
- d) In Jaina system, the word 'naya' means.....
- e) The view that every judgment expresses one aspect of reality and is therefore relative and subject to some condition is known as.....
- f) The view that every object is found to possess innumerable characteristics, positive and negative is called
- g) In Jainism the word 'pudgala' means.....
- h) What do you mean by Jina?

2. Short type questions(one or two sentences)

- i) What is Jiva?
- j) What is Ajiva?
- k) What is Avadhi jnana?
- l) What is Manah-prayaya jnana?
- m) What is kevala jnana?
- n) What is Evambhuta- naya?
- o) What is Naigama-naya?
- p) What are Triratnas?
- q) What are Panca-mahabratas?

3. Short type questions.(75 words)

- a) What is baddha?
- b) What is Mukta?
- c) What is Avadhi jnana?
- d) What is Manah-prayaya jnana?
- e) What is kevala jnana?
- f) What is Naya?
- g) What is Evambhuta- naya?
- h) What is Naigama-naya?
- i) What is Triratna?

- j) What is Panca-mahabrata?
4. Long Type Questions (300 words)
- a) Discuss Syadvada as an epistemological concept in Jaina System.
 - b) Discuss Anekantavada as a metaphysical theory.

Unit-III

1. Fill in the blanks
- a) Pratityasamutpada is described in Noble truth of Buddha.
 - b) is the root cause of impressions or tendencies that cause rebirth in Buddhism.
 - c) Nirvana does not mean extinction of existence, but the extinction of.....
 - d) Positively Nirvana means.....
 - e) The word 'samyag' means..... In Buddhism.
 - f) The ideal of Bodhisattva is the attainment of.....
2. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).
- a) What is Tripitaks?
 - b) What are the four Noble truths?
 - c) What are the eight fold paths?
 - d) What is Dependant Origination?
3. Short type questions.(75 words)
- a) What are the four Noble truths?
 - b) What are the eight fold paths?
 - c) What are the twelve links?
 - d) What is Pratityasamutpada?
 - e) What is Nirvana?
4. Long Type Questions (300 words).
- a) Discuss the four Noble Truths of Buddha.
 - b) Explain the Doctrine of Momentariness in Buddha's Philosophy.

- c) Explain the No Soul Theory of Buddhism.
- d) Whether Buddha believe in Nirvana or not? Discuss. **Unit-**

IV

1. Fill in the blanks.

- e) _____ is the founder of Astanga Yoga.
- f) Yama means _____.
- g) Tapa literary means _____.
- h) There are in total _____ principles in evolution.
- i) Purusa is a _____.
- j) _____ is the pain that arises due to the extra organic natural causes.

2. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).

- a) What is Purusa?
- b) What is Prakriti?
- c) What is Asadakaranat?
- d) Upadanagrahanat?
- e) What is Sattva?
- f) What is Niyama?
- g) What is Rajas?
- h) What is Tamas?
- i) What is intellect?
- j) What is Ahankara?
- k) What is Budhhi?
- l) What is jivanmukti?
- m) What is Videhamukti?
- n) What is Adhyatmika pida?

3. Short type questions.(75 words)

- a) What is Purusa?
- b) What is Prakriti?
- c) What is Asadakaranat?
- d) What is Upadanagrahanat?
- e) What is intellect?

- f) What is Ahankara?
 - g) What is Budhhi?
 - h) What is Pranayam?
 - i) What is Pratyahara?
 - j) What is Samadhi?
4. Long Type Questions (300words)
- a) Give the details of Purusa in Samkhya system.
 - b) What is Prakriti? Define the proofs for Existence of Prakriti.
 - c) What is Samkhya theory of Causation?Elaborate the details.
 - d) Discuss the Samkhya Evolution process.