



Karanjia Auto College, Karanjia, Mayurbhanj

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY Contemporary Indian Philosophy CC - VIII

Unit – 1

1. Fill in the blanks

- a) assert that Ananda is in Love?
- b) For Vivekanandaargument is very appropriate for the realization of God
- c) For Vivekananda God is
- d) was the teacher of Vivekananda?
- e) For Vivekananda Man is
- f) states that Freedom does not belong to the soul, 'the soul is freedom.'
- g) For Vivekananda Freedom means
- h) For Vivekananda the state of Immortality is the state of
- i) Vivekananda believes in
- j) Religion, For Vivekananda is
- k) According to Vivekananda _____ is not the essence of Universal religion.
- l) According to Vivekananda watch word for 'Universal religion' is
- m) was a monist.
- n) state that 'Truth is God'.
- o) For Vivekananda universal Religion is
- p) The spirit of Universal Religion demands
- q) Who has advocated Practical Vedanta
- r) has given the verse 'life Arise, Awake and Stop not till the goal is reached'.
- s) wrote Gitanjali?
- t) believes in 'Religion of Man'.

- u)should human being inculcate, According to Tagore?
- v) According to Vivekananda Absolute means
- w) According to Tagore, Inner being of man is
- x) Tagore Concentrate on
- y) that creation is the Lila of the Creator?
- z) states that my world is given to a personal me by a personal being
- aa) Tagore's philosophy is bb) Tagore believes in..... cc) For Tagore God is
- dd)..... believes in God 'The man of his heart'
- ee) believes in Jivan-Devata?
- ff) For Tagore World is gg) :According to Tagore God is hh) holds that Man is 'earth's child but heaven's heir? ii) For Tagore Man has Two aspects, such as and jj) Tagore said Finite self is kk) For Tagore aspect of Man is described as the artist in Man. ll) According to Tagore Infinite aspect of Man describes that Man is
- mm) Tagore identifies Infinite aspect of man's Nature is
- nn) states that Religion is homesickness? oo) "Religion is not an escape" is said by pp) Tagore said that true religion must have the qualities of
- qq) According to Tagore, True religion constitute

2. Short Type Questions – (One or Two Sentences)

- a) Who asserts that Ananda is in Love?
- b) For Vivekananda which argument is very appropriate for the realization of God
- c) What is the meaning of man For Vivekananda
- d) Who states that Freedom does not belong to the soul, 'the soul is freedom.'
- e) What is freedom For Vivekananda?
- a. What is the state of Immortality or Vivekananda?
- f) What is Religion for Vivekananda?
- g) What is Universal Religion according to Vivekananda.
- h) Who state that 'Truth is God'.
- i) What is the spirit of Universal Religion?
- j) Who has given the verse 'life Arise, Awake and Stop not till the goal is reached'.
- k) Who wrote Gitanjali?
- l) Who believes in 'Religion of Man'.
- m) What should human being inculcate according to Tagore?
- n) What is Absolute according to Vivekananda?
- o) What is inner being according to Tagore?
- p) Who state that creation is the Lila of the Creator?

- q) Who states that my world is given to a personal me by a personal being?
- r) What is God according to Tagore?
- s) Who believes in God as 'The man of his heart'?
- t) Who believes in Jivan-Devata?
- u) What is world according to Tagore?
- v) What is God according to Tagore?
- w) Who holds that Man is 'earth's child but heaven's heir'?
- x) For Tagore which aspect of Man is described as the artist in Man?
- y) According to Tagore what is the Infinite aspect of Man?
- z) With what Tagore identifies Infinite aspect of man's Nature? aa) Who states that Religion is homesickness?
- bb) Who said "Religion is not an escape" cc) Tagore said that true religion must have the qualities of dd) What is religion according to Tagore?

3. Short Type Questions – (75 words)

- a) According to Tagore what is the Infinite aspect of Man?
- b) With what Tagore identifies Infinite aspect of man's Nature?
- c) Who states that Religion is homesickness?
- d) Who said "Religion is not an escape"?
- e) Tagore said that true religion must have the qualities of
- f) What is religion according to Tagore?
- g) What is freedom For Vivekananda?
 - a. What is the state of Immortality or Vivekananda?
- h) What is Religion for Vivekananda?
- i) What is Universal Religion according to Vivekananda.
- j) Who state that 'Truth is God'.
- k) What is the spirit of Universal Religion?
- l) Who has given the verse 'life Arise, Awake and Stop not till the goal is reached'.
- m) What is Absolute according to Vivekananda?
- n) What is inner being according to Tagore?
- o) Who state that creation is the Lila of the Creator?
- p) Who states that my world is given to a personal me by a personal being?
- q) What is God according to Tagore?

4. Long Type Questions (300 words)

- a) Discuss the central theme of Universal Religion of Swami Vivekananda?
- b) Discuss the concept of Man in the philosophy of R. N. Tagore.
- c) Discuss the concept Maya according to Swami Vivekananda.

- d) Discuss the concept of Reality according to Swami Vivekananda.
- e) Discuss the concept of Reality according to R. N. Tagore.

Unit – 2

1. Fill up the blanks

- a) According to Aurobindo, through evolution is possible?
- b), andare the Three steps of Evolutionary process ?
- c) For Sri Aurobindo, Integral yoga is known as
- d) According to Sri Aurobindo Yoga means
- e) says that Evolution is possible only through Involution?
- f) said that Supermind is known through Integral yoga,
- g) said that Evolution is a Triple process?
- h) Integral Yoga includes
- i) believes in Mind and Supermind?
- j) _____ steps are included in Integral yoga
- k) The Theory of Evolution is accepted by
- l) has given the Concept of Integral yoga?
- m) propounded that Ascent without Descent is unthinkable?
- n) Aurobindo believes in kinds of Ignorance?
- o) The nature of evolution, for Aurobindo is
- p) For Aurobindo, CaityaPurusa is
- q) For Aurobindo Reality is known as
- r) According to Aurobindo Yoga means

2. Short Type Question (One or Two Sentences)

- a) What is Yoga, according to Aurobindo?
- b) The nature of evolution, for Aurobindo is
- c) For Aurobindo Reality is known as
- d) Integral Yoga includes what?
- e) What are the Three steps of Evolutionary process ?
- f) What are the Three steps of Evolutionary process ?

3. Short Type Question (75 words)

- a) What are the Three steps of Evolutionary process ?
- b) What are the Three steps of Evolutionary process ?
- c) What is Yoga, according to Aurobindo?
- d) The nature of evolution, for Aurobindo is
- e) For Aurobindo Reality is known as
- f) Integral Yoga includes what?

4. Long Type Question (300 words)

- a) Discuss the process of evolution in the philosophy of Sri Aurobindo.
- b) Discuss the process of involution according to Sri Aurobindo.
- c) Discuss the status of mind in the philosophy of Sri Aurobindo.
- d) What is Integral Yoga according to Sri Aurobindo.

Unit – 3

1. Fill up the banks

- a) says That “Hate the sin and not the sinner”?
- b) is Ahimsa for Gandhi
- c) For Gandhi Ahimsa is
- d) According to Gandhi Truth is
- e) Sarvodaya is believed by
- f) Non-Voilence is believed by
- g) Trusteeship is believed by
- h) is important for a Satyagrahi?
- i) For Gandhi Sarvodaya means
- j) For Gandhi Ahimsa is meant for
- k) According to Gandhi positive aspect of Ahimsa means
- l) criticizes Varna and caste system?
- m) is the architect of the constitution
- n) Ambedkar was the first
- o) treats untouchables as a lower caste.
- p) First there are varnas according to Ambedkar

2. Short Type Question (One or two sentences)

- a) What is Ahimsa according to Gandhi?
- b) What is Truth according to Gandhi?
- c) What is Sabodaya according to Gandhi?
- d) What is caste system according to Gandhi?
- e) What is Trusteeship according to Gandhi?
- f) What is Satyagraha according to Gandhi?
- g) What is ideal social order according to Gandhi?
- h) What is a just society according to Ambedkar?
- i) What was Ambedkar’s view on Varnas?

3. Short Type Question (75 words)

- a) What is Sarbodaya according to Gandhi?
- b) What is caste system according to Gandhi?

- c) What is Trusteeship according to Gandhi?
- d) What is Satyagraha according to Gandhi?
- e) What is ideal social order according to Gandhi?
- f) What is a just society according to Ambedkar?
- g) What was Ambedkar's view on Varnas?
- h) What is Ahimsa according to Gandhi?
- i) What is Truth according to Gandhi?

4. Long Type Question (300 words)

- a) What is Non-violence according to Gandhi? Discuss
- b) Discuss Gandhi's concept of Sarbodaya.
- j) Discuss the nature of Satyagraha according to Gandhi?
- k) Discuss the concept of Truth and God according to Gandhi?
- c) Discuss Ambedkar's view on Varnas.
- d) Discuss Ambedkar's view on a Just Society.

Unit – 4

1. Fill up the blanks

- a) "The Principal Upanisads" is written by
- b) According to Krishnamurti, Self is
- c) Radhakrishnan believes in
- d) said that Ahimsa and Truth are inseparable.
- e) Intellectual cognition is capable of
- f) Intellect performs which is needed by intuition.
- g) According to Radhakrishnan, Intuition is
- h) The Function of Intellect is

2. Short Type Questions (One or Two words)

- a) What is Intellect according to Radhakrishnan?
- b) What is Intuition according to Radhakrishnan?
- c) What is Man according to Radhakrishnan?
- d) What is Truth according to Radhakrishnan?

- e) **What is Man according to J. Krishnamurty?**
- f) **What is Freedom according to Radhakrishnan?**
- g) **What is Reality according to Radhakrishnan?**

3. Short Type Questions (75 words)

- a) **What is Man according to Radhakrishnan?**
- b) **What is Truth according to Radhakrishnan?**
- c) **What is Man according to J. Krishnamurty?**
- d) **What is Freedom according to Radhakrishnan?**
- e) **What is Reality according to Radhakrishnan?**
- f) **What is Intellect according to Radhakrishnan?**
- g) **What is Intuition according to Radhakrishnan?**

4. Long Type Question (300 words)

- a) **What is Reality? Discuss in the philosophy of Radhakrishnan.**
- b) **What is Intellect and Intuition? Discuss in the philosophy of Radhakrishnan.**
- c) **What is the concept of Religion? Discuss in the philosophy of Radhakrishnan.**
- d) **What is Man? Discuss in the philosophy of J. Krishnamurty.**
- e) **What is Freedom. Discuss in the philosophy of J. Krishnamurty.**