2020-21

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 60

Answer **all groups** as per instructions.

Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Draw labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

<u>GROUP - A</u>

1.	Fill	in blanks. (all) [1 × 8
	(a)	Chemically each virus is composed of and
	(b)	Bacteria are specialised organisms.
	(c)	Bacteria decompose the bodies of dead organisms and other organic wastes. This process is called
	(d)	are called pioneer plants.
	(e)	is essential for Fertilisation in Moss.
	(f)	is popularly known as black bread mould.
	(g)	are seedless vascular plants.
	(h)	Coralloid roots of Cycas have a association with blue green alga like Nostoc and Anabaena.

GROUP - B

- 2. Write notes on <u>any eight</u> of the following within two to three sentences each. $[1\frac{1}{2} \times 8]$
 - (a) Bacteriophage
 - (b) Mesosome
 - (c) Pyrenoid
 - (d) Conceptacle
 - (e) Fruticose Lichen
 - (f) Protonema
 - (g) Coralloid root of Cycas
 - (h) Apogamy
 - (i) Pinus Needle
 - (i) Conifers

GROUP - C

- 3. Write notes on <u>any eight</u> of the following within 75 words each. [2 × 8
 - (a) TMV
 - (b) Heterocyst
 - (c) Cell structure of Chlamydomonas

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	(d)	Conjugation in Bacteria		
	(e)	Rhynia		
	(f)	Lichen Apothecium		
	(g)	Marchantia Gemma cup		
	(h)	Equisetum cone		
	(i)	Cycas Microsporophyll		
	(j)	Alternation of Generation		
		<u>GROUP – D</u>		
		Answer any four questions within 500 words each.		
4.	De	Describe the economic importance of Virus.		
5.	De	Describe the genetic recombination in Bacteria.		
6.	Describe the reproduction in Vaucheria.			

Describe the ecological and economic importance of Pterido-

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Describe the sexual reproduction in Funaria.

Describe the life cycle of Agaricus.

10. Describe the life history of Cycas.

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phytes.