No. of Printed Pages: 4

2020-21

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 80

Answer **all groups** as per instructions.

Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

GROUP - A

			r.a		10
۱.	An	swer <u>all</u> questions or fill in blanks as required.	[1	×	12
	(a)	Who had defined economics as a science of wealth	?		
	(b)	What is opportunity cost ?			
	(c)	What are incentives ?			
	(d)	Human wants are in nature.			
	(e)	is used as a measuring rod in economics.			
	(f)	Market forces consist of and			
	(g)	Rise in demand with given supply causes market	pric	е	to
		·			
	(h)	Perfectly elastic demand curve makes the deman	id c	ur	ve
		•			
((i)	Durable goods have type of demand.			

- (j) What is the rate at which one good is substituted for a_{n_0} ther?
- (k) Which cost is not taken into account by an accountant?
- (I) How is MR related to AR in a competitive market?

GROUP - B

- 2. Answer <u>any eight</u> of the following questions within two to three sentences each. [2×8]
 - (a) What is Circular Flow diagram?
 - (b) What is market economy?
 - (c) What is demand function?
 - (d) What is equilibrium price?
 - (e) What is perfectly elastic demand?
 - (f) What is consumer surplus?
 - (g) What is meant by income effect?
 - (h) What is budget line?
 - (i) What is implicit cost?
 - (j) How is MR related to AR in a competitive market?

GROUP - C

- Answer <u>any eight</u> of the following questions within 75 words each.
 3 × 8
 - (a) What are economic models?
 - (b) What are production possibility Frontiers?
 - (c) What is meant by market demand?
 - (d) What is market equilibrium?
 - (e) What is price elasticity of demand?
 - (f) What is cross elasticity of demand?
 - (g) What is an indifference curve?
 - (h) What do you mean by budget constraint?
 - (i) What is average variable cost?
 - (j) State short-run equilibrium of firm under perfect competition.

<u>GROUP – D</u>

Answer any four questions within 500 words each.

- 4. What do you mean by competitive market? What are the basic features of perfectly competitive market? [7
- 5. Why is LAC called the envelope curve or planning curve? [7
- 6. What are economies of scale? Show different economies of scale.

[7

- 7. Define and draw in Indifference curve. Explain its properties. [7
- 8. Define the price-elasticity of demand and discuss its determinants.
 [7
- 9. Define the law of demand. Why do demand curves for most of the goods slope downwards to right?
- 10. What do you mean by economic models? What are its features?