

**2020-21**

**Time - 3 hours**

**Full Marks - 80**

*Answer all groups as per instructions.*

*Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.*

*Symbols used have their usual meaning.*

**GROUP – A**

1. Answer all questions.

[1 × 12

(a) Find the radius of curvature at any point of the curve

$$s = c \log \sec \psi.$$

(b) Find the asymptotes parallel to co-ordinate axes of the curve

$$(x^2 + y^2)x - y^2a = 0.$$

(c) Find the radius and centre of the sphere

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 3y + 4z + 5 = 0.$$

(d) Expand  $\sin x$  by Maclaurin's series.

(e) Define Rolle's theorem.

(f)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 + \log x - x}{1 - 2x + x^2}$  ; find the limit.

[ 2 ]

- (g) Find the limit  $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (2, 1)} \frac{\sin^{-1}(xy - 2)}{\tan^{-1}(3xy - 6)}$ .
- (h) If  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 + (x + y + 1)^2$ , then find the value of  $f_{xx}(x, y)$  and  $f_{xy}(x, y)$  at  $(0, 0)$ .
- (i) Find the value of  $x$  and  $y$  when  $f_x = 0 = f_y$  for  $f = x^2 + xy + y^2 + ax + by$ .
- (j) Write the solution of  $x dy = 2\sqrt{y} dx$ .
- (k) Find the solution of the differential equation  $y = xp - p^2$ .
- (l) Find the solution of  $D^2y + 4y = 0$ .

### GROUP – B

2. Answer any eight of the following questions . [2 × 8

- (a) Solve :  $dx + (x + y)dy = 0$ .
- (b) Find the particular solution of  $(D^2 + 4)y = \tan 2x$ .
- (c) Solve the equation :  $y = 2px - p^2$ .
- (d) Find the radius of curvature of the curve at the origin
- $$x^3 - 2x^2y + 3xy^2 - 4y^3 + 5x^2 - 6xy + 7y^2 - 8y = 0.$$
- (e) Find the asymptotes of the Folium

$$x^3 + y^3 - 3axy = 0.$$

[ 3 ]

(f) Find the coordinates of the vertex of the cone

$$x^2 - 2y^2 + 3z^2 - 4xy + 5yz - 6zx + 8x - 19y - 2z - 20 = 0.$$

(g) Expand the function  $f(x, y) = e^{ax} \cos y$  in Maclaurin's theorem.

(h) Find  $f_{yx}(0, 0)$  for the function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{xy(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2}, \quad (x, y) \neq (0, 0)$$
$$= 0, \quad \text{otherwise.}$$

(i) Find the limit

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{2xy^2}{x^4 + y^4}.$$

(j) Find the maximum value of the function

$$(x - 1)(x - 2)(x - 3).$$

### GROUP - C

3. Answer any eight of the following questions.

[3 × 8

(a) Find the limit  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} - e}{x}$ .

(b) Examine the function  $\sin x + \cos x$  for extreme values.

P.T.O.

(c) Discuss the continuity of the function at the origin, where

$$f(x, y) = \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}, \quad \text{if } x^2 + y^2 \neq 0$$

$$= 0, \quad \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0).$$

(d) If  $z = f(x^2y)$ , then find  $dz$ .

(e) Solve :  $(2x + y + 3) \frac{dy}{dx} = x + 2y + 3$

(f) Solve :  $\frac{dy}{dx} + xy = x^3y^3$ .

(g) Solve :  $(D^5 - D)y = 12e^x + 8 \sin x - 2x$

(h) Find the equation of the cylinder whose generators are parallel to the line  $x = y = z$  and whose guiding curve is the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1, \quad z = 1.$$

(i) Rectify the curve

$$x = a(\theta + \sin \theta), \quad y = a(1 - \cos \theta).$$

(j) Find the radius of curvature at any point of the curve

$$x = \frac{a \cos t}{t}, \quad y = \frac{a \sin t}{t}.$$

(k) Evaluate the integral

$$\int \int_R (x^2 + 2y) dx dy ; R = [0, 1 ; 0, 2].$$

[ 5 ]

GROUP – D

Answer **any four** questions.

4. Find the equation of the enveloping cone of the sphere [7]

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4z - 1 = 0 \text{ with vertex at } (1, 1, 1).$$

5. Trace the curve  $ay^2 = x(a^2 - x^2)$ . [7]

6. Solve the differential equation [7]

$$x^2(y - px) = p^2y ; p = \frac{dy}{dx} .$$

7. Solve the differential equation [7]

$$(D^2 - 4D + 3)y = e^x \cos 2x + \cos 3x.$$

8. Solve using the method of variation of parameter [7]

$$(D^2 + 4D + 5)y = e^{-2x} \sec x.$$

9. Find all the maximum and minimum values of the function [7]

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + xy + y^2 + ax + by.$$

10. Expand  $x^2y + 3y - 2$  is power of  $x - 1$  and  $y - 2$ . [7]

11. Show that, using Taylor's theorem, [7]

$$x - \frac{x^3}{6} < \sin x < x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120}, \text{ for all } x > 0.$$