

2022

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 60

*Answer all groups as per instructions.
Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.*

*Candidates are required to answer
in their own words as far as practicable.*

GROUP – A

1. Answer all questions and fill in blanks as required. [1 × 8]
- (a) The active species involved in the nitration of benzene is _____.
- (b) Gabriel phthalimide synthesis is used for the preparation of _____.
- (c) What is diazotization ?
- (d) Naphthalene on oxidation with CrO_3 acetic acid gives _____.
- (e) Which is more aromatic among Pyrrole, Furan and Thiophene ?
- (f) Skraup synthesis is used for the preparation of _____.

[2]

(g) Which element must be present in an alkaloid ?

(h) What is the structure of camphor ?

GROUP – B

2. Answer any eight of the following questions within two to three sentences each. [1½ × 8

(a) Why nitrobenzene does not undergo Friedel-Craft alkylation ?

(b) Which one is more basic : alkyl or aryl amine ? Explain.

(c) Convert aniline to 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene through benzenediazonium chloride (BDC).

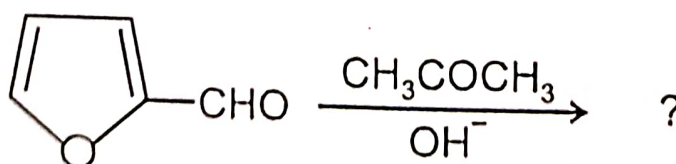
(d) What happens when naphthalene undergoes oxidation with alk. KMnO_4 ?

(e) What happens when anthracene undergoes oxidation with sodium dichromate and sulphuric acid ?

(f) Which is more basic : pyrrole or pyridine ? Give reason.

(g) What happens when pyridine undergoes reduction with nickel ?

(h) Name the reaction and write the product :



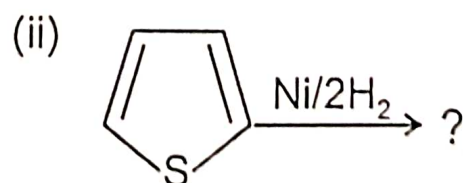
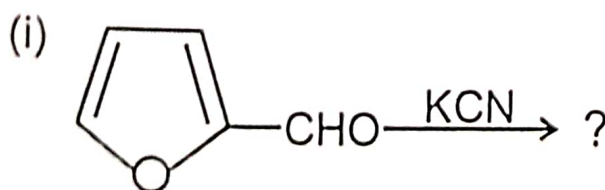
- (i) What do you mean by monocyclic terpenoids ?
- (j) What do you know about the carbon skeleton of Citral ?

GROUP – C

3. Answer any eight of the following questions within 75 words each.

[2 × 8

- (a) Nucleophilic substitution in 2,4-dinitrochlorobenzene is easier than in chlorobenzene. Explain.
- (b) Write the order of basicity of 1^o, 2^o and 3^o amines with reasons.
- (c) How can you synthesize 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene and p-dinitrobenzene from Aniline ?
- (d) Why α -position of Naphthalene is more reactive than β -position ?
- (e) Describe the sulphonation of anthracene.
- (f) Why is position-2 more reactive in pyrrole than position-3 ?
- (g) Why thiophene is more aromatic among the five-membered heterocyclic compounds ?
- (h) Complete the following reactions :



[4]

- (i) What do you understand by reductive degradation ?
- (j) What is isoprene rule ? Explain.

GROUP – D

*Answer **any four** questions within 500 words each.*

- 4. Write two methods of preparation of Nitrobenzene. Discuss its reduction in acidic, alkaline and neutral medium. [6]
- 5. Discuss Hofmann exhaustive methylation of amines with mechanism. [6]
- 6. Write the synthesis and applications of Aryl diazonium salts. [6]
- 7. Elucidate the structure of anthracene. [6]
- 8. Write the orbital structure of Furan and describe its electrophilic substitution reactions. [6]
- 9. Write notes on within 250 words each. [3 + 3]
 - (a) Paal-knorr synthesis
 - (b) Fischer-Indole synthesis
- 10. Define Bredt's rule. Give the classification of terpenes with examples. [6]
- 11. Elucidate the structure of Nicotine and describe its synthesis. [6]