1.

2023-24

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 80

Answer all groups as per instructions.

Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to answer
in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

Fill	in the blanks. (<u>all</u>)	[1 × 12
(a)	Financial decisions are classified into	_major groups.
(b)	Financial risk is associated with thecompany.	structure of the
(c)	Trade credit is sources of fund.	
(d)	The simplest capital budgeting technique is	
(e)	Net working capital is the excess of	_over
(f)	working capital should be financed sources of finance.	out of long term

(9	g) EOQ stands for		
(h	Lock box system is a technique of cash inflows.		
(i)	Profit maximisation objective ignores the value of money.		
(j)	The effective cost of debentures is as compared to shares.		
(k)	Capital budgeting deals with		
(1)	Coefficient of variation is = Standard Deviation		
GROUP - B			
Answer any eight of the following within two or three sentences			
each. [2 ×			
(a)	What is financial management?		
(b)	What is factoring?		
(c)	What is return earnings?		
(d)	What is meant by preference shares?		
(e)	What is a letter of credit ?		
(f)	What do you mean by inventory?		

- (g) What do you mean by gross working capital?
- (h) What is cash dividend?
- (i) What is NPV?
- (j) What is ARR?

GROUP - C

- 3. Answer any eight of the following within 75 words each. [3 x 8
 - (a) Write three importances of financial management.
 - (b) What do you mean by wealth maximisation?
 - (c) Explain the term risk and return.
 - (d) Write three long term sources of finance.
 - (e) Write three characteristics of equity shares.
 - (f) What are the limitations of capital budgeting?
 - (g) What is capital expenditure?
 - (h) Write three importances of working capital.
 - (i) What is zero working capital approach?
 - (j) What is the concept of Time value of money?

2.

GROUP - D

- 4. Answer any four of the following within 500 words each. [7 × 4
 - (a) What is meant by finance function? Discuss its objectives.
 - (b) What is capital budgeting? Why is it significant for a farm?
 - (c) (i) A project cost ₹ 1,00,000 and yields an annual cash inflow of ₹ 20,000 for 8 years. Calculate its pay back period.
 [3½
 - (ii) A project cost ₹ 5,00,000 and yields annually a profit of ₹ 80,000 after depreciation @ 12% p.a. but before tax of 50%. Calculate the pay back period.
 - (d) What are the advantages of adequate amount of working capital?
 - (e) What do you mean by dividend? Explain the types of dividend?
 - (f) What do you understand by retained earnings? Discuss the merits and demerits of ploughing back of profits as a source of finance.
 - (g) (i) Mr A has to receive ₹ 1,000 at the beginning of each year for 5 years. Calculate the present value of the annuity due assuming 10% rate of interest.
 - (ii) Calculate the present value of ₹ 1,000 received in perpetuity for an infinite period, taking discount rate of 10%.